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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/821,422	03/29/2001	Michael Y. Frankel	345	3665
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BIRCH STEWA PO BOX 747	RT KOLASCH &	BIRCH	PAYNE, D	OAVID C
FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2633	6

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)		
Office Action Summary	09/682,142	FRANKEL, ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	David C. Payne	2633		
Period for Reply	ours on the cover sheet with the	ton esponaence address		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period where the period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	66(a). In no event, however, may a reply be within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) dill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS frocause the application to become ABANDOI	timely filed ays will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).		
Status				
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 Ma This action is FINAL. 2b) ☐ This Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under E.	action is non-final. ace except for formal matters, p			
Disposition of Claims				
4) ☐ Claim(s) 16-23 and 25-28 is/are pending in the 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 16-23 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) 25-28 is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.			
Application Papers				
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 18 March 2004 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner	a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. So on is required if the drawing(s) is consistent or \square	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 				
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5/3-18-2004.	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	ry (PTO-413) Date I Patent Application (PTO-152)		

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04)

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 16-28 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 16-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakamoto et al.
 US 2002/0048062 (Sakamoto) in view of Leng et al. US 6,339,663 B1 (Leng).

Re claim 16, Sakamoto disclosed

A communications network comprising:

an optical transmitter emitting an optical signal at a first wavelength (Figure 10, 111A); an optical communication path optically coupled to said optical transmitter (Figure 10, optical transmission path L), said optical communication path being configured to carry said optical signal;

a service channel emitter (Figure 6, 41B) optically coupled to one of said optical communication path, said service channel emitter supplying a service channel optical signal

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to said one of said optical communication path, said service channel optical signal being at a second wavelength different than said first wavelength (see e.g., Sakamoto paragraph 90); a dispersion compensating module optically coupled to said optical communication path (Figure 9, 33), said dispersion compensating module having an associated dispersion characteristic (see e.g., Sakamoto paragraph 77).; and a control circuit operatively coupled to said dispersion compensation module (Figure 9, 35), said control circuit being configured to adjust a dispersion characteristic associated with said dispersion compensating module in response to data carried by said service channel (see e.g., Sakamoto paragraphs 81, 89, 94, 98).

Sakamoto does not disclose sending the supervisory signal onto an alternate path. Leng disclosed sending supervisory signals onto an alternate communication path (see e.g., Leng Figure 1, WORK, PROTECTION, λ_{SC}). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention use alternate paths in the Sakamoto system for protection against failures (see e.g., Leng col./line: 3/25-40).

Re claim 17, Sakamoto disclosed

Optical Signal Noise Ratio (OSNR) and Bit Error Rate (BER) as signal quality information in the service channel (see e.g., Sakamoto paragraph 81).

Regarding claim 18, Sakamoto disclosed

a plurality of optical transmitters at respective wavelengths (Figure 1), but not where said dispersion characteristics being adjusted such that said optical signal and each of said

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plurality of optical signals has substantially the same dispersion.

However it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to control the dispersion to substantially the same level for each optical signal so that the a signal would be received at the far end with primarily the same signal characteristics of all the other signals and therefore reduce signal dependent error rates.

4. Claims 19-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sakamoto et al. US 2002/0048062 (Sakamoto) and Leng et al. US 6,339,663 B1 (Leng) as applied to claims 16 and 18 above, and in further view of Sasaoka et al. US 6,574,404 B2 (Sasaoka).

Regarding claim 19,

the modified invention of Sakamoto and Leng does not disclose wherein said dispersion is substantially zero.

Sasaoka disclosed wherein said dispersion is substantially zero (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 3/45-50). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to suppress waveform degradation of each signal to enable a signal transmission of high bit rate (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 2/1-5).

Regarding claim 20,

the modified invention of Sakamoto and Leng does not disclose wherein said control circuit uses a thermal regulator.

Sasaoka disclosed a controller (Figure 7 #55) coupled to and supplying a control signal to a

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thermal regulator (#500) (e.g., col./line: 11/20-25). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to maintain temperature to a desired value and thereby control chromatic dispersions in the dispersion compensating optical fiber (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 11/35-40).

Regarding claim 21,

the modified invention of Sakamoto, Leng and Sasaoka disclosed wherein said First circuitry (temperature sensor) (Figure 7 #53), Second circuitry (temp. control circuit) and thermal regulator (Figure 7 #54 and #55) as part of the thermal regulator.

Regarding claim 22,

the modified invention of Sakamoto and Leng does not disclose a thermally conductive casing for DCF.

Sasaoka disclosed a thermally conductive casing for the DCF (e.g., col./line: 11/20-25). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to maintain temperature to a desired value and thereby control chromatic dispersions in the dispersion compensating optical fiber (see e.g. Sasaoka, col./line: 11/35-40).

Regarding claim 23,

the modified invention of Sakamoto and Leng does not disclose a first and second DCF controllers. Sasaoka disclosed a first and second DCF controller (Figure 8 #231 and #221). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to control

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the dispersion along the entire length of the fiber as temperature variations will exist over large distances.

Allowable Subject Matter

5. Claims 25-28 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Conclusion

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David C. Payne whose telephone number is (703) 306-0004. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 7a-4p.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jason Chan can be reached on (703) 305-4729. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Dcp

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